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## Material Safety Data Sheet

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## **SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**PRODUCT NAME:**3M BRAND DESK AND OFFICE CLEANER 573**MANUFACTURER:**3M**DIVISION:**Stationery & Office Supplies

ADDRESS: 3M Center St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

**Issue Date:** 08/10/2004 **Supercedes Date:** 08/28/2003

Document Group: 10-0157-7

#### **Product Use:**

Specific Use:

AEROSOL FOAM CLEANER FOR OFFICE SURFACES

## **SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS**

Ingredient	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
WATER	7732-18-5	86 - 92
ISOBUTANE PROPELLANT	75-28-5	1 - 8
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	3 - 5
ETHOXYLATED TALL-OIL FATTY ACIDS	61791-00-2	1 - 3
SODIUM CARBONATE	497-19-8	< 1
ETHANOLAMINE	141-43-5	< 0.5

## **SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## **3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Specific Physical Form: foam Odor, Color, Grade: White foam, Lemon odor General Physical Form: Liquid

**Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back. The pH of this material is 10 - 12.

## **3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

Eye Contact:

Mild Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, pain, and tearing.

#### Skin Contact:

Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

#### Inhalation:

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause:

Upper Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Ingestion:

No health effects are expected.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Skin Contact: No need for first aid is anticipated.

Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

If Swallowed: No need for first aid is anticipated.

## **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

### 5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Autoignition temperature Flash Point

Flammable Limits - LEL Flammable Limits - UEL No Data Available 30 °F [*Test Method:* Open Cup] [*Details:* specific method: D92] 1.80 % 8.40 % [*Details:* for isobutane.]

#### 5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Use fire extinguishers with class B extinguishing agents (e.g., dry chemical, carbon dioxide).

## 5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Flammable liquid and vapor. Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode. Vapors may travel long distances along the ground or floor to an ignition source and flash back.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Accidental Release Measures: Refer to other sections of this MSDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment. Call 3M-HELPS line (1-800-364-3577) for more information on handling and managing the spill. Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Remove all ignition sources such as flames, smoking materials, and electrical spark sources. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Contain spill. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam designed for use on solvents, such as alcohols and acetone, that can dissolve in water. An AR - AFFF type foam is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a toxic, corrosivity or flammability hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Clean up residue with detergent and water. Collect the resulting residue containing solution. Place in an approved metal container. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## 7.1 HANDLING

Avoid eye contact. Keep out of the reach of children. Aerosol container contains flammable gas under pressure. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, pilot lights and other sources of ignition. Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Ground containers securely when transferring contents. Wear low static or properly grounded shoes. Do not spray near flames or sources of ignition. Avoid static discharge. Contents may be under pressure, open carefully. No smoking while handling this material. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents.

## 7.2 STORAGE

Store away from heat. Store out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents. Keep container in well-ventilated area.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Do not use in a confined area or areas with little or no air movement.

## 8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

#### 8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact with vapors, mists, or spray. Avoid eye contact.

#### 8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Gloves not normally required.

### 8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Under normal use conditions, airborne exposures are not expected to be significant enough to require respiratory protection. Avoid breathing of vapors, mists or spray.

#### 8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Not applicable.

## 8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

Ingredient	<b>Authority</b>	Type	<u>Limit</u>	Additional Information
ETHANOLAMINE	ACGIH	TWA	3 ppm	
ETHANOLAMINE	ACGIH	STEL	6 ppm	
ETHANOLAMINE	OSHA	TWA	3 ppm	Table Z-1A
ETHANOLAMINE	OSHA	STEL	6 ppm	Table Z-1A
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	ACGIH	TWA	200 ppm	Table A4
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	ACGIH	STEL	400 ppm	Table A4
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	OSHA	TWA	400 ppm	Table Z-1A
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	OSHA	STEL	500 ppm	Table Z-1A

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific Physical Form: Odor, Color, Grade: General Physical Form: Autoignition temperature Flash Point Flammable Limits - LEL Flammable Limits - UEL Boiling point Density Vapor Density	foam White foam, Lemon odor Liquid No Data Available 30 °F [Test Method: Open Cup] [Details: specific method: D92] 1.80 % 8.40 % [Details: for isobutane.] Not Applicable 1 g/ml No Data Available
Vapor Pressure	31 - 43 psi [@ 70 °F] [Details: (aerosol can pressure)]
Specific Gravity	Approximately 1 [ <i>Ref Std:</i> WATER=1]
Melting point	Not Applicable

#### Solubility In Water

**Evaporation rate** 

Volatile Organic Compounds Percent volatile VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents Viscosity 100.00 %

>=1.00 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1] [*Details:* product as applied (without propellant)] 55 - 115 g/l 96 - 98 % weight 702 - 831 g/l *Not Applicable* 

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: Heat; Sparks and/or flames

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance Hydrocarbons Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide <u>Condition</u> During Combustion During Combustion During Combustion

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

## CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION

Not determined.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in a permitted hazardous waste incinerator. As a disposal alternative, dispose of waste product in a permitted hazardous waste facility.

The facility should be equipped to handle gaseous waste.

Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Dispose of empty product containers in a sanitary landfill. Do not puncture or burn cans in a household incinerator.

#### EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): D001 (Ignitable)

## Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### ID Number(s):

70-0061-3328-7, 70-0160-6830-9, 70-0701-7945-5, 70-0704-0450-7, 70-0709-0857-2, 70-0711-2910-3

Please contact the emergency numbers listed on the first page of the MSDS for Transportation Information for this material.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **US FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

Contact 3M for more information.

#### 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No

This material contains a chemical which requires export notification under TSCA Section 12[b]:

Ingredient (Category if applicable)	C.A.S. No	Regulation
ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) 4 Test
		Rule Chemicals

Status Applicable

### **STATE REGULATIONS**

Contact 3M for more information.

#### **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are listed on the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS), or are exempt polymers whose monomers are listed on EINECS.

Contact 3M for more information.

## INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

WHMIS: Hazardous

### This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 0 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

#### **HMIS Hazard Classification**

Health: 0 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 Protection: X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS(r)) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS(r) ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS(r) program. HMIS(r) is a registered mark of the National Paint and Coatings Association (NPCA).

Revision Changes:

# Section 16: NFPA hazard classification heading was modified.

Copyright was modified.

- Section 8: Exposure guidelines data source legend was modified.
- Section 5: Fire fighting procedures information was modified.
- Section 6: Release measures information was modified.
- Section 13: Waste disposal method information was modified.
- Section 15: 311/312 hazard categories heading was modified.
- Section 15: International regulations information was modified.
- Section 15: State regulations information was modified.
- Section 15: US federal regulations information was modified.
- Section 15: WHMIS regulations information was modified.
- Section 10: Hazardous polymerization heading was modified.
- Section 15: TSCA section 12[b] text was modified.
- Section 16: NFPA explanation was modified.
- Section 15: Inventories information was modified.
- Section 12: Ecotoxicological information heading was modified.
- Section 12: Chemical fate information heading was modified.
- Section 5: Flash point information was modified.
- Section 16: NFPA hazard classification for special hazards was modified.
- Section 9: Flash point information was modified.
- Section 16: HMIS hazard classification heading was added.
- Section 16: HMIS hazard classification for health was added.
- Section 16: HMIS hazard classification for flammability was added.
- Section 16: HMIS hazard classification for reactivity was added.
- Section 16: HMIS hazard classification for protection was added.
- Section 16: HMIS explanation was added.
- Section 2: Ingredient phrase was added.

Section 12: Ecotoxicological phrase was added. Section 12: Chemical Fate phrase was added.

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