Science	Kit	MA	ATERI/	IAL SAFETY DATA SHEET				
& Borea	-	77 East Park Drive Dnawanda, N.Y. 14150-6784	399 Vanaickie F St. Cathariaes,	load Ontario L2S 3T4			10360	
_aborate	ories "	16)874-6020	815 Fiero Lane San Luis Onispi	, CA 93403-5010	MSDS N Effective	.	tober 17, 2002	
SECTION	1	NAME	2	4 HOUR E	MERGE	NCY AS	SISTANCE	
Product	oduct Methyl Alcohol			416-984-3000				
Chemical Synonyms	Methanol: Mood Alashai			NF	NFPA 1 0 Flammability 3			
Formula	mula CH ₃ OH			HAZA	RD RATIN		MIS	
CAS No.	67-56-1	tana ang katal	a ga ang sa	LEAST SLIGHT MODERATE HIGH EXTREME 0 1 2 3 4				
SECTION	11	DANGERO	OUS ING	REDIENTS	\$	-		
Name					%	TL	V Units	
Methyl alcohol					100%	TWA: 200	ppm; 262 mg/m ³	
			·		-			
DANGER	RI FLAMMAB	LEI POISONI HAR	MFUL VAPO	RI				
			j					
SECTION		PHYSICAL	DATA		/			
felting Point (-98°C		Specific Gravity ($H_2O = 1$) Percent Volatile		0.79		
loiling Point (and an an an an		65°C		Percent Volatile by Volume (%) Evaporation Rate		100%	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)		96 mm @ 20°C			ite =1) ******	4.6	- Alleria and Mallin at	
apor Density		1.11		2 				
Solubility in Wi		Complete.						
ppearance & SECTION		Clear liquid; pun FIRE AND	-			ТΛ		
lash point			Flammabl	e Limits in Air	mits in Air Lower Upper			
irefighting	<u>11°C (C</u>	:C)	% by Volu	Ime	I	7.3%	36%	
Procedures		Use dry chemica fire-fighters shou apparatus.	il, CO ₂ , alcoh Id wear an aj	iol foam, or wat opropriate mas	ter spray. In k or a self-co	fire conditic ontaining bre	ns, Pathing	
lammability a Explosion Hazi								
		Vapors formed fr the ground to a c	om this prod listant source	uct are heavier of ignition and	than air and I flash back i	l may travel nstanty.	along	
		Auto-ignition tem	perature: 46	3°C				
TDG CI	ass 3 Flam	mable liquid. UN	1 1230					
The information contain pathered by them and	ined herein is fumi: must make indepe	shed without warranty of any indent determinations of suit For laboratory use only. No	kind. Employers	tenese of information	from all sources	to assure propo	upp of these metodols	

SECTION V Chemical	REACTIVITY DATA MM0360 Yes X If no. under what conditions?								
Stability	No								
Incompatible with Other products	Yes X No Strong oxidizing agents, acids, zinc, aluminum, magnesium.								
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Carbon oxides, formaldehyde.								
Reactive under what conditions	Keep away from heat, sources of ignition.								
SECTION VI	TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES								
Route of Entry	Inhalation. Ingestion. Eye contact.								
TLV	STEL: 250 ppm; 328 mg/m ³								
Toxicity for animals	LD50: 1800 mg/kg oral-rat								
Chronic effects on humans	Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organ damage. Target organs: Central nervous system, liver, kidneys, heart.								
Acute effects on humans	Very dangerous if inhaled, swallowed. Very dangerous in case of eye contact (irritant), of inhalation. Slightly dangerous to dangerous in case of skin contact.								
SECTION VII	PREVENTIVE MEASURES								
Waste Disposal	Discharge, treatment, or disposal may be subject to local laws. Consult your local or regional authorities.								
Storage	Keep in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, sources of ignition, incompatibles as acids and oxidizers.								
Precautions	Avoid contact with skin and eyes. DO NOT inhale vapor or spray. DO NOT ingest. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately.								
Spill or leak	Absorb with an inert DRY material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.								
Protective Clothing	Splash goggles, lab coat, vapor respirator, gloves.								
SECTION VIII	FIRST AID MEASURES								
Specific first aid measures	Ingestion: Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Induce vomiting only if advised by the appropriate medical personnel. Eye contact: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention. Skin contact: Gently and thoroughly wash the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Allow victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek immediate medical attention.								

SECTION IX		PREPARAT			
Rev. No. 2	Date	October 17, 2002	Approved	Michael Raszeja	